Diastereomers are stereoisomers that are not related as object and mirror image and are not enantiomers. Unlike enantiomers which are mirror images of each other and non-superimposable, diastereomers are not mirror images of each other and non-superimposable. Diastereomers can have different physical properties and reactivity. They have different melting points and boiling points and different densities. They have two or more stereocenters.

Introduction

It is easy to mistake between diastereomers and enantiomers. For example, we have four stereoisomers of 3-bromo-2-butanol. The four possible combination are SS, RR, SR and RS (Figure 1). One of the molecule is the enantiomer of its mirror image molecule and diastereomer of each of the other two molecule (SS is enantiomer of RR and diastereomer of RS and SR). SS’s mirror image is RR and they are not superimposable, so they are enantiomers. RS and SR are not mirror image of SS and are not superimposable to each other, so they are diastereomers.

![Figure 1](image)

Diastereomers vs. Enantiomers vs. Meso Compounds

Tartaric acid, $\text{C}_4\text{H}_6\text{O}_6$, is an organic compound that can be found in grape, bananas, and in wine. The structures of tartaric acid itself is really interesting. Naturally, it is in the form of (R,R) stereocenters. Artificially, it can be in the meso form (R,S), which is achiral. R,R tartaric acid is enantiomer to is mirror image which is S,S tartaric acid and diastereomers to meso-tartaric acid (figure 2).

(R,R) and (S,S) tartaric acid have similar physical properties and reactivity. However, meso-tartaric acid have different physical properties and reactivity. For example, melting point of (R,R) & (S,S) tartaric is about 170 degree Celsius, and melting point of meso-tartaric acid is about 145 degree Celsius.
To identify meso, meso compound is superimposed on its mirror image, and has an internal plane that is symmetry (figure 3). Meso-tartaric acid is achiral and optically unactive.
Problems

Identify which of the following pair is enantiomers, diastereomers or meso compounds.
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Answer

a. Diasteromers
b. Identical
c. Meso
d. Enantiomers

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- [http://www.sparknotes.com/chemistry/...section2.rhtml](http://www.sparknotes.com/chemistry/...section2.rhtml)