An electrocyclic reaction is the concerted cyclization of a conjugated π-electron system by converting one π-bond to a ring forming σ-bond. The reverse reaction may be called \textit{electrocyclic ring opening}. Two examples are shown on the right. The electrocyclic ring closure is designated by blue arrows, and the ring opening by red arrows. Once again, the number of curved arrows that describe the bond reorganization is half the total number of electrons involved in the process.

In the first case, \textit{trans,cis,trans-2,4,6-octatriene} undergoes thermal ring closure to \textit{cis-5,6-dimethyl-1,3-cyclohexadiene}. The sterospecificity of this reaction is demonstrated by closure of the isomeric \textit{trans,cis,cis-triene} to \textit{trans-5,6-dimethyl-1,3-cyclohexadiene}, as noted in the second example.
By clicking on this diagram two examples of thermal electrocyclic opening of cyclobutenes to conjugated butadienes will be displayed. This mode of reaction is favored by relief of ring strain, and the reverse ring closure (light blue arrows) is not normally observed. Photochemical ring closure can be effected, but the stereospecificity is opposite to that of thermal ring opening.

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