

Common Chemistry Conversions

English to Metric Conversions

The mass, length, volume, and area conversions are given to 4 significant figures. The temperature conversions are exact.

Mass	Length	Volume	Area	Temperature
$1 \text{ lb} = 453.6 \text{ g}$	$1 \text{ in.} = 2.540 \text{ cm}$	$1 \text{ fl oz} = 29.57 \text{ mL}$	$1 \text{ in.}^2 = (2.54 \text{ cm})^2 = 6.452 \text{ cm}^2$	$T_{\text{C}} = \frac{5}{9}(T_{\text{F}} - 32)$
$1 \text{ oz} = 28.35 \text{ g}$	$1 \text{ ft} = 30.48 \text{ cm}$	$1 \text{ L} = 1.057 \text{ qt}$	$1 \text{ m}^2 = (3.281 \text{ ft})^2 = 10.76 \text{ ft}^2$	$T_{\text{F}} = \frac{9}{5}T_{\text{C}} + 32$
$1 \text{ kg} = 2.205 \text{ lb}$	$1 \text{ m} = 3.281 \text{ ft}$	$1 \text{ gal} = 3.785 \text{ L}$		$T_{\text{K}} = T_{\text{C}} + 273.15$
$1 \text{ metric ton} = 1000 \text{ kg}$	$1 \text{ mi} = 1.609 \text{ km}$	$1 \text{ in.}^3 = (2.54 \text{ cm})^3 = 16.39 \text{ cm}^3$		

English to English Conversions. All of these conversions are exact.

Mass	Length	Volume	Area
$1 \text{ lb} = 16 \text{ oz}$	$1 \text{ ft} = 12 \text{ in.}$	$1 \text{ cup} = 8 \text{ fl oz}$	$1 \text{ ft}^2 = (12 \text{ in.})^2 = 144 \text{ in.}^2$
$1 \text{ ton} = 2000 \text{ lb}$	$1 \text{ yd} = 3 \text{ ft}$	$1 \text{ pt} = 2 \text{ cups}$	$1 \text{ mi}^2 = 640 \text{ acres}$
	$1 \text{ mi} = 5280 \text{ ft}$	$1 \text{ qt} = 2 \text{ pt}$	
		$1 \text{ gal} = 4 \text{ qt}$	

Other Conversions

Energy	Pressure
$1 \text{ cal} = 4.184 \text{ J}$	$1 \text{ atm} = 760 \text{ mm Hg} = 760 \text{ torr} = 29.92 \text{ in. Hg}$
$1 \text{ J} = 1 \frac{\text{kg}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$	$1 \text{ atm} = 14.7 \text{ psi} = 101,325 \text{ Pa} = 1.01325 \text{ bars}$
	$1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m}\cdot\text{s}^2}$

Constants

speed of light (in a vacuum)	$c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$
Planck's constant	$h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}$
electron mass	$m_e = 9.109 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
proton mass	$m_p = 1.673 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
neutron mass	$m_n = 1.675 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Avogadro's number	$N_A = 6.0221367 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles/mol}$
Gas Constant	$R = 0.08206 \frac{\text{L}\cdot\text{atm}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$ $= 8.315 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$ $= 8.315 \frac{\text{kPa}\cdot\text{dm}^3}{\text{mol}\cdot\text{K}}$
Faraday Constant	$F = 9.65 \times 10^4 \text{ C/mol}$
Electronic charge	$e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$