Algebra Review Worksheet 1:
Note, you may have to look these terms up on the web, or go to the class web site and look at the lecture notes.

## 1. Commutative Properties

a. Define the Commutative Property of Addition. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Using the Commutative Property of Addition, rewrite the following arithmetic application (do not answer it, that is, do not give 5 as the answer)

$$
2+3=
$$

c. Using the Commutative Property of Addition, rewrite the following algebraic application: $\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}=$
d. Define the Commutative Property of Multiplication. . $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
e. Using the Commutative Property of Multiplication, rewrite the following arithmetic application (do not answer it, that is, do not give 6 as the answer)

$$
2 \times 3=
$$

f. Using the Commutative Property of Multiplication, rewrite the following algebraic application:

$$
\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}=
$$

## 2. Associative Properties

a. Define the Associative Property of Addition. $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Using the Associative Property of Addition, rewrite the following arithmetic application (do not answer it, that is, do not give 9 as the answer)

$$
(2+3)+4=
$$

c. Using the Associative e Property of Addition, rewrite the following algebraic application: $\quad(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})+\mathrm{C}=$
d. Define the Associative Property of Multiplication. . $\qquad$
e. Using the Associative Property of Multiplication, rewrite the following arithmetic application (do not answer it, that is, do not give 24 as the answer)
$(2 \times 3) \times 4=$
f. Using the Associative Property of Multiplication, rewrite the following algebraic application:

$$
(\mathrm{A} \times \mathrm{B}) \times \mathrm{C}=
$$

## 3. Distributive Property

a. Define the Distributive Property . $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Using the Distributive Property, rewrite the following arithmetic application (do not answer it, that is, do not give 20 as the answer)

$$
(2+3) \times 4=
$$

c. Using the Distributive Property, rewrite the following algebraic application:

$$
(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) \times \mathrm{C}=
$$

d. Rewrite the following to a form with just one multiplication step (note XY means X times Y , or $\mathrm{X} x \mathrm{Y}$ ), so 3.c can be written as $(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B}) \mathrm{C}$ pr $\mathrm{C}(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B})$ $X Y+X Z=$
4. Exponentiation
a. Define Exponentiation . $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. Rewrite $2^{4}$ arithmetically, do not give the answer of 16 .
c. What does $\mathrm{X}^{\mathrm{n}}$ mean? . $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d. Solve for $3^{5}$ (give a number)

## 5. Roots of a number

a. Define what the square root of a number means $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
b. What is the square root of 16 ?
c. What is the square root of 20 ?
d. Define what the cube root of a number means $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
e. What is the cube root of 64 ?
f. What is the cube root of 20 ?
g. Define what the fourth root of a number means $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

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h. What is the fourth root of 16 ?
i. What is the fourth root of 20 ?

## Algebraic Problems:

Solve the following for A
a. $\mathrm{A}(\mathrm{X}+\mathrm{Y})=\mathrm{Z}$
b. $(\mathrm{AX}+\mathrm{Y})=\mathrm{Z}$
c. $(\mathrm{AX}+\mathrm{AY})=\mathrm{Z}$
e. $(A X+Y) Z=1$
f. $\frac{A}{X+Y}=Z$
g. $\frac{1}{A X+A Y}=Z$
h. $\frac{1}{X+A Y}=Z$
i $\frac{A}{X+Y}=Z A+3$
j. $\frac{A}{X+Y}=Z A+D$
k. $\frac{A+P}{X+Y}=Z A+D$

